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Г	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
_	09/759,100	01/12/2001	W. David Shambroom	96-3-512CON1CIP2	1842
	32127	7590 07/11/2006		EXAM	INER
	VERIZON PATENT MANAGEMENT GROUP			ABRISHAMK	AR, KAVEH
		RTHOUSE ROAD, SU	ITE 500	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		, VA 22201-2909		2131	

DATE MAILED: 07/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/759,100	SHAMBROOM, W. DAVID		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Kaveh Abrishamkar	2131		

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 6/08/2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: The period for reply expires <u>6</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b), ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). **NOTICE OF APPEAL** 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below): (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: . (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. X For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) \(\subseteq\) will not be entered, or b) \(\subseteq\) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: None. Claim(s) objected to: None. Claim(s) rejected: 1-36. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: None. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. \(\times \) The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 13. Other: ____.

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The Applicant argues that the Cited Prior Art. Krajewski in view of Fischer, does not teach "transmitting the principal-authenticating credentials from the network server to the validation server." This argument is not found persuasive. Krajewski discloses "the user then presents the server ticket and associated authenticator 61 to the service 20, and, following validation by the server, obtains access" (column 6 lines 25-31). In this instance, the service (network server) receives the authenticating credentials from the user, and then sends to credentials to the validation server for validation. Furthermore, the Applicant argues that the CPA does not teach "transmitting permission data for the network server from the validation center to the network server based on the principal-authenticating credentials." This argument is not found persuasive. Krajewski discloses "the user then presents the server ticket and associated authenticator 51 to the service 20, and, following validation by the server, obtains access" (column 6 lines 25-31). The service is the network server, so the credentials being presented are to access the service (network server) and furthermore, the credentials are validated by the valdiation server (center). Finally, the Applicant argues that the CPA does not teach "establishing a second secure connection for exchanging data between the network server and the destination server based on the digital certificate." This argument is not found persuasive. Fischer, in an analogous environment to Krajewski, discloses a trusted authority creating and issuing a digital certificate to a claimant (network server), which reveals the public key of the user, which will be used to establish a secure connection (SSL) (column 3 line 53 - column 4 line 27). Therefore, it is asserted that the CPA does teach "establishing a second secure connection for exchanging data between the network server and the destination server based on the digital certificate".

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